1	IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
2	FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
3	HOUSTON DIVISION
4	IN RE:   S CASE NO. 20-33948-11
5	\$ HOUSTON, TEXAS FIELDWOOD ENERGY LLC, \$ TUESDAY,
6	S JUNE 7, 2022 DEBTOR. S 1:29 P.M. TO 2:38 P.M.
7	MOTION HEARING (VIA ZOOM)
8	
9	BEFORE THE HONORABLE MARVIN ISGUR UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE
LO	
L1	
L2	APPEARANCES: SEE NEXT PAGE
L3	(Recorded via CourtSpeak; No log notes)
L 4	
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L 9	
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## 1 APPEARANCES (VIA ZOOM): 2 3 FOR THE DEBTOR: WEIL GOTSHAL & MANGES LLP Paul Genender, Esq. 4 Alfredo Perez, Esq. Cliff Carlson, Esq. 5 Kevin Simmons, Esq. Erin Choi, Esq. 200 Crescent Court, 6 Suite 300 7 Dallas, TX 75201 214-746-7877 8 FOR BP EXPLORATION AND GREENBERG TRAURIG 9 PRODUCTION, INC.: Craig Duewall, Esq. Nicole Bakare, Esq. 10 Jared Weir, Esq. John Hutton, Esq. 11 1000 Louisiana Street 12 Suite 1700 Houston, TX 77002 13 713-374-3612 14 FOR SHELL OFFSHORE, INC: NORTON ROSE FULBRIGHT Ryan Manns, Esq. 2200 Ross Avenue 15 Ste 3600 Dallas, TX 75201 16 214-855-0000 17 18 19 20 (Please also see Electronic Appearances.) 21 22 23 24 25

## HOUSTON, TEXAS; TUESDAY, JUNE 7, 2022; 1:29 P.M.

THE COURT: Good afternoon, please be seated. (Pause in proceedings.)

THE COURT: All right. We are here in the Fieldwood Energy case, it is 20-33948. We'll take appearances in court. If you'll please approach the podium and make your appearances. And then anyone who wishes to appear on the phone, if you'll please turn on your camera and press five star. You're welcome to listen. If you don't want to appear, it's fine.

Good morning -- good afternoon.

MR. DUEWALL: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Craig
Duewall with Greenberg Traurig on behalf of BP. I'm joined
this afternoon by Nicole Bakare and Jared Weir, and I think
also online I see Mr. John Hutton has joined us remotely,
also from Greenberg Traurig

THE COURT: Thank you, sir.

MR. GENENDER: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Paul Genender, Weil, Gotshal, and Manges. I'm joined by my partner Alfredo Perez, Cliff Carlson, Kevin Simmons, and I believe online is Ms. Choi, Erin Choi.

Thank you, Judge.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Is there anyone that wishes to appear on the phone or on video that hasn't yet appeared?

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1
         (No audible response.)
 2
              THE COURT: All right. Let me get my camera
 3
    turned on.
 4
              All right. Mr. Duewall.
 5
              Oh hold on, I've got Mr. Manns wants to appear.
 6
              Mr. Manns for Shell, go ahead, please.
7
              MR. MANNS: Thank you, Your Honor. Ryan Manns on
   behalf of Norton Rose Fulbright, Shell Offshore.
8
9
              THE COURT: Good afternoon. I don't -- is your
10
    camera on Mr. Manns?
11
              MR. MANNS: Your Honor, I (indiscernible) right
   now and we're trying to rectify it, (indiscernible) I don't
12
   want to (indiscernible).
13
14
              THE COURT: Do you want me to wait a minute and
    let you get that squared away, or do you want us to proceed
15
16
   while you're working on it?
17
              MR. MANNS: Oh. Please continue (indiscernible),
18
   thank you.
19
              THE COURT: Usually the problem is that somebody
   has been on Zoom or another video program and that's still
20
21
    open and has your camera captured and you have to get
    completely out of any other program to use it here, but I
22
23
   don't know if that's your problem or not, because that's a
24
    -- the total of my technical advice today. You might want
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to think about that.

1 MR. MANNS: Thank you, Your Honor. 2 (indiscernible). 3 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Duewall. 4 MR. DUEWALL: Thank you, Your Honor. 5 We are here today on BP's motion to amend or alter the Court's May 24th Order where the Court granted 6 7 QuarterNorth's request to conduct 2004 discovery. So we're here to respectfully ask the Court to alter, amend, revisit 8 that determination. 9 10 The May 24th Order, Your Honor, is Docket No. 2475 and our motion is found at 2487. 11 Just as a housekeeping matter, before we get 12 started, we have filed evidence for the hearing today that I 13 might refer to, and we would move to admit BP, our movant, 14 2488 along with 2488-1 through 2488-10, we have filed those 15 materials under seal. 16 17 And we would also move to admit 2496-5 to 2496-8, 18 which have not been filed under seal. 19 (Plaintiff's Exhibits 2488, 2488-1 through 2488-10, and 2496-5 through 2496-8 are offered into evidence.) 20 And then I also know that Mr. Genender and his clients 21 22 have evidence that they would like to admit, and we don't 23 have any objections to what they attached and wish to admit 24 today.

THE COURT: All right. Any objection 2488-1 to 10

25

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or 2496-5 to 8?
1
2
             MR. GENENDER: Yes, Your Honor. Paul Genender for
 3
   I'm going to say for QuarterNorth.
 4
              We do object, Your Honor, to those exhibits that
 5
    are from the arbitration proceeding as under our contract --
 6
   excuse me -- under our contract with BP, the actual
7
   arbitration provision in the agreement at issue specifically
   says that those documents are inadmissible in any other
8
 9
   proceeding. And I'm happy to put that up on the screen,
   Your Honor. I think that should be --
10
11
              THE COURT: So which documents are those?
12
             MR. GENENDER: I'm looking at the ECF numbers to
   note, it would be notice of intention to arbitrate and
13
    supporting exhibits.
14
15
              THE COURT: Do you have a number though?
16
             MR. GENENDER: Do you have -- I don't have your
17
    list with numbers on it actually.
18
             MR. DUEWALL: Sure. What we have filed under
    seal, Your Honor, is 2488 as well, as 2488-1 through 2488-
19
20
    10.
21
              THE COURT: Yeah.
22
             And are you objecting to 100 percent of those?
23
             MR. GENENDER: Yes. For that reason, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: Okay. All right. And what about to
24
25
    2496-5 to -8?
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MR. GENENDER: Which ones are those?
 1
 2
              MR. DUEWALL: Those are the 2496-5 through --
 3
              MR. GENENDER: Those hearing transcripts?
 4
              MR. DUEWALL: Yes.
 5
              MR. GENENDER: I don't have objections to hearing
 6
    transcripts, Your Honor, or the email so that -- August 24th
 7
    and I -- I don't have an objection to August 24th, 2021,
   hearing transcript or the September 20th, 2021, email.
 8
 9
              MR. DUEWALL: Also this, the entry of the
    confirmation order.
10
              MR. GENENDER: And I certainly don't have an
11
12
    objection to the entry of the confirmation order, Your
    Honor.
13
              THE COURT: 2496-5 to -8 are admitted.
14
         (Plaintiff's Exhibits 2495-5 through 2496-8 are
15
16
    admitted into evidence.)
17
              THE COURT: 2488 and 2488-1 to -10 can be offered
18
    when you're ready to deal with his objection or you can try
    and deal with that now, whatever one you wish to do,
19
   Mr. Duewall.
20
21
              MR. DUEWALL: Well, I have a brief response, Your
22
    Honor, and I think -- I anticipated this objection and so
23
   pursuant to the party's agreement, which is Exhibit F, and
24
    that's found on the Record at 2488-1, I think it's page 44
25
    of that exhibit. But specifically there's a confidentiality
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provision and just, I can approach and just hand this to
1
   Your Honor, because I know we have so many exhibits that
2
 3
   it's pretty burdensome, but --
 4
              THE COURT: Well, hold on a minute. I'll look at
5
    it on Record.
 6
              MR. DUEWALL: Okay.
7
              THE COURT: I don't think I'm broadcasting.
8
              MR. DUEWALL: Page 144, Your Honor.
 9
              THE COURT: -- not broadcasting, hold on just
   minute.
10
             MR. DUEWALL: 2488-1, page 144.
11
              THE COURT: 2488-1, page 1 --
12
13
              MR. DUEWALL: 44.
              THE COURT: Where's the confidentiality agreement
14
15
   you want me to read?
              MR. DUEWALL: It's there on Section E,
16
17
    confidentiality. And it states:
18
         "All documents, briefs, testimony, transcripts, as
         well, as all arbitration decisions, shall be
19
         confidential," period.
20
21
              THE COURT: I'm not there with you yet.
22
              MR. DUEWALL: Okay.
23
              THE COURT: What page is this on?
              MR. DUEWALL: I'm told --
24
25
              THE COURT: Mine are labeled page 8 to -- it has
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1404 pages are part of 2488-1.
1
2
              MR. DUEWALL: Page 144.
 3
             MS. CHOI: I think that it's page 144 of Docket
 4
    2488-1.
 5
              THE COURT: Okay. Hold on. Page 144,
 6
   Confidentiality Agreement?
7
              MR. DUEWALL: Correct, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: Is this the agreement you're referring
8
 9
    to, Mr. Genender?
10
              MR. GENENDER: I believe it's the Loop Agreement,
   yes, Your Honor, it is.
11
              THE COURT: It's called "Dispute Resolution
12
13
   Procedure."
              MR. GENENDER: Mr. Duewall is a gentleman, and he
14
   is showing me it's exactly what I'm referring to, Your
15
16
   Honor.
17
              THE COURT: Okay.
18
             MR. DUEWALL: You can keep that.
19
              MR. GENENDER: Thank you.
20
              MR. DUEWALL: And so in anticipation of this
21
    objection, Your Honor, we can discuss this now and I think
22
    the Court can rule now based upon the exhibit in front of
23
   it. But there's two parts to that confidentiality provision
24
    contained in Exhibit E. The first says that:
25
         "All documents, briefs, testimonies, transcripts, as
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well, as all arbitrary decisions shall be
confidential."

2.0

That's how we treated them. We've treated them as confidential. It goes on to say:

"Likewise, the views, suggestions, admissions, proposals, and other information exchanged in the arbitration are confidential and are inadmissible in any other proceeding."

What we've put before the Court's Your Honor are documents, briefs, and those types of materials. We put together the brief that they have filed in the arbitration and all of its attachments. This language with regard to views, suggestions, admissions, proposals, that's more akin to 408-type information that wouldn't be admissible. But in any event, it's not what we're moving to admit today. We're admitting their arbitration demand, their arbitration complaint, and then all of the exhibits that they attached. And so we've -- there's really two filings, there's the BP arbitration demand, which is arbitration number 1, and then there's the QuarterNorth arbitration demand and all of its attachments, which is merely a brief which is arbitration number 2. Those are the two disputed items that they're objecting to.

And because this falls under the documents, briefs, that description, that's confidential, we've treated

as confidential, we filed under seal as confidential. But the Court can certainly refer to it and admit it under seal, because the Court's going to have to take a look at it to determine the scope of what they're now trying to claim as this evolving basis for the 2004, which is kind of from our perspective been a moving target over time.

So pursuant to this express language, we think that what we've attached and what we've moved to admit is clearly admissible.

THE COURT: Mr. Genender.

MR. GENENDER: Thank you, Your Honor.

Two points. One is I submit it's improper to have even filed it even under seal. Because by its very nature it is a confidential proceeding.

Secondly, I agree with Mr. Duewall's reading of those very words from a textual perspective, Your Honor.

And to be clear, the reason these documents were filed and now being offered, goes directly to the truth and the substance of what's happening in a private, contractually based arbitration that BP itself filed a motion, successfully, to get permission and relief from the automatic stay to bring. And the views, suggestions, admissions, proposals, other information exchanged in the arbitration, that's exactly what those exhibits are.

THE COURT: So tell me -- he makes a distinction,

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and he says the first sentence are confidential but not necessarily inadmissible. In the second sentence is all that is necessarily inadmissible. Are you telling me that you agree with that distinction, but some of the documents that he wishes to have admitted fall under the second sentence? Or are you telling me that you disagree with his distinction and what those two sentences mean? MR. GENENDER: I do disagree with his distinction, I think everything he's offered falls under the second sentence, and I do think that those sentences should be read together. And that there may well, be some overlap between the sentences, but I think they're two independent sentences. And the fact that the first sentence says certain things are confidential and the second says likewise, views, suggestions, admissions, proposals, and other information exchanged in the arbitration are confidential and are inadmissible in any other proceeding, is designed to address this exact situation which is when

THE COURT: So let's take -- hold on just a minute, I'll print that page.

confidential arbitration pleadings are brought into court.

Go through 1 through 10 and tell me which things fall under the second sentence. And I do understand I'm not sure if I agree with your argument that there may be overlap, there may or there may not be, but at a minimum

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you're going to have to show me something falls in the
    second sentence in order to find that it is per se
 3
   inadmissible, I think.
             MR. GENENDER: Your Honor, could I ask -- could I
 5
    impose on the Court to put their Exhibit List on the screen?
              THE COURT: Their Exhibit List?
 6
             MR. GENENDER: Yes. That has them broken out,
   because I'm looking at one that doesn't have the ECF numbers
9
    on it.
             THE COURT: I'm looking.
             MR. GENENDER: I think their Exhibit List is 2496,
    I believe.
12
13
             dOkay. Thank you.
              So our note -- BP's notice of intention to
    arbitrate and supporting exhibits, which is listed as B on
16
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there and that is what I'm looking at. I believe that's 240 -- 2488 1 through 4. That is absolutely -- well, of course it's confidential, but it's also information exchanged, and it contains. If it doesn't contain views, suggestions, and admissions between the parties and it's exchanged in the arbitration, so I would say that certainly while it may be covered by both the first and the second sentence.

THE COURT: What do you believe is covered by the second sentence -- excuse me, what do you believe the first sentence means that it's not totally incorporated in the

second sentence? Because I think under your interpretation we don't need the first sentence at all.

MR. GENENDER: I understand, I understand the Court's point, Your Honor, but I think that the -- I think there -- like testimony in the first sentence could also mean admissions in the second sentence by way of example, right? The discovery responses could be covered in the second sentence but isn't necessarily unless it's a document in the first sentence.

So I think that the purpose of the first sentence is to describe the confidentiality and the second says, yes, notwithstanding that, this set of information whether it's the same or not, is also inadmissible in a court proceeding. Even if it were duplicative it's still making a different point in that it's saying one goes to admissibility and one goes to confidentiality, albeit the second sentence goes to confidentially and admissibility or inadmissibility.

THE COURT: But what -- when it says "all documents," that seems to be pretty broad.

MR. GENENDER: As to confidentiality, no question, Your Honor. And then --

THE COURT: And are you telling me that in the second sentence there's something included that's not in the first sentence, in the first sentence is there something included that is not in the second sentence? Why do we have

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1
   two sentences?
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              MR. GENENDER: Obviously I cannot answer that
 3
   because I wasn't there -- I wasn't involved in the drafting.
 4
   But looking at it and knowing this --
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              THE COURT: I'm not talking about my friend
 6
   Genender, I'm talking about your client.
7
              MR. GENENDER: Understood. Understood. Your
8
   Honor, I think the best answer to that is that the second
 9
    sentence includes "other information exchanged" and these
    are all these exhibits 2488 1 through 10 are -- constitute
10
11
    information exchanged.
              THE COURT: So we don't need sentence one.
12
13
              MR. GENENDER: So for example --
14
              THE COURT: I think you're going to have a hard
    time convincing me in agreement that your two clients by any
15
   measure are sophisticated clients agreed to do this -- you
16
17
    can't give me an interpretation that says they wrote the
18
    document badly. I've got to have something that says those
19
    two sentences each have meaning.
20
              MR. GENENDER: I think they do. I think one -- I
21
    think the way to harmonize them --
22
              THE COURT: Okay.
23
              MR. GENENDER: -- and I sense the Court is going
24
    to the --
25
              THE COURT: It's easy to harmonize them by saying
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1
   they have the exact same meaning. So I need to know
2
    something different in the two sentences.
 3
              MR. GENENDER: Absolutely.
 4
              THE COURT: Okay.
 5
              MR. GENENDER: Because you're going straight to
 6
   the rule of contract construction that the contract has to
7
   be read in a way to give all the words as much meaning as
   possible and not to give certain words no meaning and I
8
 9
    interpret you saying how, how, how -- or asking does my
10
    interpretation of the second sentence render the first
    sentence completely superfluous or meaningless?
11
              THE COURT: Correct.
12
              MR. GENENDER: And the answer is it does not.
13
   does not. The first goes to confidentiality, the second
14
15
   goes to admissibility.
              THE COURT: The second sentence says they're
16
17
   confidential.
18
              MR. GENENDER: It says they're confidential and
   are inadmissible.
19
20
              THE COURT: Right. Yeah. So I don't need the
    first sentence at all.
21
22
              MR. GENENDER: Well, the second sentence -- the
23
   second sentence also includes things that are not in the
24
    first sentence, like proposals.
25
              THE COURT: Fine. But if the second sentence
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1
   totally encompasses the first sentence, why do I need the
    first sentence?
2
 3
             MR. GENENDER: It doesn't, Your Honor, because it
 4
    doesn't -- the second sentence doesn't include briefs or
 5
    testimony --
              THE COURT: Wait, briefs are exchanged.
 6
7
             MR. GENENDER: Okay. Testimony is not necessarily
   exchanged, it's given. It's provided in a proceeding.
8
9
             THE COURT: Okay.
10
             MR. GENENDER: Transcripts are not exchanged, they
11
   are created in a proceeding. An arbitrator decision is
   given rather than exchanged and then it goes on to that and
12
   says in addition to these what I would call kind of standard
13
   pleading type documents in addition to those, anything else
14
    that's exchanged. Other information exchanged. Purpose
15
16
   being, Your Honor --
17
              THE COURT: So you think that briefs, testimony,
18
    transcripts, and arbitrator decisions are confidential, but
   not inadmissible?
19
20
             MR. GENENDER: No. I'm not saying that.
    saying -- I'm not saying that. I'm saying they are clearly
21
22
   confidential. The second sentence goes on to say, "Likewise
23
   views, suggestions, admissions, and other information
    exchanged in the arbitration are both confidential and
24
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2.5

inadmissible."

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1
             THE COURT: Let's take testimony. Are you saying
    testimony is admissible?
2
 3
             MR. GENENDER: Is admissible?
 4
              THE COURT: Yes, sir. Or is not inadmissible is
 5
   probably the better way to put it.
             MR. GENENDER: I don't think it's rendered
 6
7
    inadmissible, I think there's a -- I don't think it's
   rendered inadmissible by this sentence, Your Honor.
8
9
              THE COURT: So testimony is not inadmissible,
10
    transcripts --
             MR. GENENDER: By this sentence, there might be
11
12
   another reason it's --
13
             THE COURT: No.
             MR. GENENDER: -- relevance or otherwise.
14
15
             THE COURT: That's right. Transcripts are not
    inadmissible under the second sentence, documents and briefs
16
17
   might or might not be. And arbitrator decisions are not
18
   inadmissible under the second sentence, right?
             MR. GENENDER: Perhaps.
19
             THE COURT: Well, they're not inadmissible under
20
    the second sentence, they may be inadmissible --
21
             MR. GENENDER: But, but, under -- they may not
22
23
   inadmissible under other information exchanged. The views,
24
    suggestions, admissions, I mean, those could all be
25
    included.
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1
              THE COURT: Well, no. Testimony as you said isn't
    exchanged.
 2
 3
              MR. GENENDER: No, but testimony can be an
 4
    admission, certainly.
 5
              THE COURT: It could be an admission, but it isn't
 6
   exchanged.
 7
              MR. GENENDER: Understood. Understood. It could
 8
   be an admission and therefore inadmissible under the second
 9
    sentence. And --
10
              THE COURT: You're saying an admission under the
11
    second sentence is inadmissible even if not exchanged.
    Because it says "and other information exchanged," meaning
12
    that one would think that has to the exchanged to be
13
    inadmissible.
14
15
             MR. GENENDER: I don't read "exchanged" -- well, I
    guess you're supposing that exchange modifies views
16
17
    suggestions --
18
              THE COURT: I'm asking, but there's an argument
    for that.
19
20
              MR. GENENDER: Understood. Understood. Your
    Honor, I think that one of the things is -- I do think this
21
22
    is a situation when the totality -- and I understand we're
23
    talking about an evidentiary ruling, the effect of which,
    given that it's been filed under seal, that you would -- in
24
25
    effect the Court would see it and the public would not. I
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understand that. And that offers some layer of protection for the confidentiality I get that.

However, I also think that the very purpose for which the information is being shared with you, is improper because it goes to a confidential arbitration involving — and I don't want to get too far ahead, involving agreements that are not at issue in the 2004 discovery and involving a party, Shell, that is absolutely not involved in the arbitration.

THE COURT: I don't know how I decide that until I see what it says, so.

MR. GENENDER: Until you see what the documents say? Well, I think -- I think it's -- I think one way to do it, Your Honor, is the PSA, which is not one of the arbitral agreements here, is -- the arbitral agreements are the Loop Agreement, I'm using vernacular, Loop Agreement and production handling agreement, PHA.

The PSA which we submit the Rule 2004 is directed towards whether there was a fraudulent inducement to enter that by BP that we want to investigate that. And then, as to Shell, whether Shell conspired with BP to effectuate that fraudulent inducement and/or tortiously interfered with that contract itself. It's without dispute that that agreement has no arbitration clause and isn't mentioned in BP's so called emergency motion.

THE COURT: Right. I'm going to admit them all. Federal -- the purpose of the Federal Rules of Evidence is to get to the truth of the matter. These documents are designed to get to the truth of the matter.

Paragraph E is written and is sufficiently incomprehensible way that I decline to enforce it in contravention of the purpose of the Federal Rules of Evidence. Moreover, the question is whether they are admissible under the Federal Rules, nothing about a private agreement keeps something inadmissible, makes it inadmissible. It may mean that somebody has breached an agreement and would be liable for the breach. I'm not finding one way or the other whether Mr. Duewall's client is breaching the agreement by offering these.

I'm only finding they are, in fact, admissible both parties agree and I think there is no reading of paragraph E that the documents shouldn't be maintained in confidence.

I will keep them all under seal, but they are admissible without a finding as to whether it was a breach to have offered them, but I'm not enforcing that today over what appears to be a paragraph that the lawyers in this courtroom would not have drafted.

MR. GENENDER: Thank you, Judge.

And you addressed my one comment which is not

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withstanding your ruling or included in your ruling is the
1
    strict confidentiality of the documents.
 2
 3
              THE COURT: They are all going to be kept under
 4
    seal.
 5
              MR. GENENDER: Thank you, Judge.
              THE COURT: Mr. Duewall, so they're all admitted.
 6
7
              MR. DUEWALL: Thank you, Your Honor.
8
              And just so that Mr. Genender doesn't fail to
 9
   present his later, we have no objection to the evidence or
10
   exhibits that Mr. Genender is going to offer later. He can
   do that now or when he makes his presentation.
11
              THE COURT: Let's go ahead and do that now. Just
12
13
   so we get the Record clean.
              Now you are offering, Mr. Genender, which of
14
15
   yours? Are you offering everything in 2500?
16
              MR. GENENDER: Yes.
17
              THE COURT: 2500-1 through -6 are admitted,
18
    anything else?
19
         (Exhibits 2500-1 through -6 received in evidence.)
20
              MR. GENENDER: Thank you.
              THE COURT: 2501 are you offering that as well?
21
22
         (No audible response.)
23
              THE COURT: Are you offering 2501 as well?
24
              MR. GENENDER: Yes. I am.
25
              THE COURT: Okay.
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1 MR. GENENDER: 2501 was previously admitted, it's 2 previously been sealed, it's the PSA, Your Honor, yes, I am. 3 THE COURT: All right. We're admitting 2500-1 to 4 -6 and we're admitting 2501. I'm going to maintain for the 5 purpose of this hearing so we can have it, all of the documents either side is offering under seal for now. 6 7 MR. GENENDER: Thank you. Thank you. 8 THE COURT: All right. 9 Go ahead, please, Mr. Duewall. 10 MR. DUEWALL: Thank you, Your Honor. Just as background so that -- there's been a lot 11 12 of time that transpired since we've been in front of the Court talking about 2004 and arbitration issues, but just 13 and quick summary of what brings us here again today, Your 14 15 Honor, is that now this is a discovery dispute over 2004 16 discovery requests that date back to May of 2021 and 17 Fieldwood, now QuarterNorth, attempted to remove BP as 18 operator on the same day back in May of 2021 that they 19 originally served us these 2004 requests. The parties moved 20 forward with the contested confirmation hearing in June of 2021. 21 22 On July 25th of 2021 the confirmation order was 23 entered and then that also correlated, Your Honor, in July 24 of 2021 we had the hearing on BP's request to send the 25 operator dispute -- because that was the only dispute we had at the time -- to arbitration.

And then on August 24th, 2021, the Court granted our motion compelling arbitration and at that time declined to allow the 2004 discovery, specifically, you know, on the Record on that date and I'm referring to the Court's Record Document 2496-7 and on pages 10 and 11, I'll just summarize. The Court stated that they understood, that you understood QuarterNorth's position that they had taken, but that the Court didn't think that they had supported it with the request that they made in light of what the PSA says in terms of the waivers. And we'll get to remind the Court about that in a moment.

But there are comprehensive, extensive waivers in this PSA over alleged disclaiming representations of all kinds and disclaiming damages, consequential damages. So the Court had taken a look at the waivers, and went on to say, "I get it that if you want to file a motion to reconsider this, I'm not going to be offended by that," which they certainly did and we'll get to that in a moment.

But as the Court noted -- you know, if you look at the PSA itself, I'm not sure what damages you're actually seeking to prove up by doing the discovery. If this is largely under the PSA and the Court commented that it's more likely to be discovery that's related to the termination dispute. Because at that time that was the only dispute

that had really materialized and had come into focus between the parties was this termination dispute.

We now have two arbitrations, one is informally referred to, I think, as the termination or operatorship issues that's in number one. Number two, the arbitration that they initiated is more of a kitchen sink type arbitration and we'll kind of get to that in a moment where they make broad claims and allegations and I'm going to do my best not to talk about it too specifically. But that was the distinction that was being made then when the Court originally had entered into its determination and then half-way down page 11 on 2496-7, the Court affirmed that for now I think the discovery in large part is going to the termination question.

And so QuarterNorth/Fieldwood accepted the Court's invitation to offer and explain then in September of 2021 why they thought they were entitled to the discovery and what this unique dispute, at least in their mind in terms of their allegations, concerned. And this I think is important because it marks kind of the marker if you will in September of 2021 post-confirmation where they finally start beginning to elaborate and tell us what this dispute might be.

And so in document 2051, they are largely for the first time explaining to us that what the requests concern.

And I'm summarizing specifically in document 2051. It's

they're pleading, but it's paragraph 6, 7, and then again in paragraph 12. Where in paragraph 6 they take each of their discovery requests and they tell us what it's pertaining to. Again, trying to define them in a way that doesn't include the operatorship as something else. Trying to convince the Court that this is outside of operatorship.

And they talk about in terms of -- I paragraph 6

Genevasa (phonetic) generally conduct at Nakika (phonetic).

There's only one request where they specifically, I think,

mention the PSA and that's request number three. All of the

other 17, I believe, relate to other issues, other disputes

that are occurring between the parties.

And then in paragraph 12, they give us a little bit more insight as to what they claim or how they claim we may have violated the PSA, but that violation, that alleged fraud relates to breaches of the PHA and the Loop Agreement. So if you're looking at paragraph 12 of 2051, they say, "BP expressly represented," this is their allegation -
"expressly represented the PSA that it had the power and authority to comply with it's obligations under the PSA, as well, as the PHA, and the Loop Agreement."

These other agreements, which as Mr. Genender said a moment ago, are all subject to this arbitration number two. We committed fraud allegedly by not honoring the agreements that are the subject of the arbitration. And so

for the first time, post-confirmation, they're trying to define this in a way that's outside of the operatorship dispute, but in doing so, they haven't -- they've admitted then and they continue to admit that this really concerns, allegations concern the PHA and the Loop Agreement.

Outside of this PSA agreement, which admittedly isn't -- doesn't contain the PSA -- doesn't contain the arbitration agreements. They're trying to hang their hat on -- it's just a PSA, a straight PSA, straight PSA agreement.

But over the course of the last year, Your Honor, these parties have been in disputes, arbitration number one and arbitration number two, that concern the very requests, the very types of information that they claim they're seeking to now investigate, with this 2004.

So it's -- how they refer to the 2004 is kind of a moving target, if you will. They're going to define it in a way that gets outside of the operatorship dispute, but when they do that they kind of pigeon hole themselves into the Production Handling Agreement and the Loop Agreement and now that they've initiated the arbitration number two, they want to try to pivot back out of those agreements into the PHA.

But in terms of the Record on September 2nd, we initiated arbitration number one and then a month later on October 1st, they initiated arbitration number two. The arbitration number one, that's what the Court has admitted

at 2488 and 2488-1 to 2488-4, and then their arbitration complaint, what I refer to -- not derogatorily -- not trying to be derogative it's more of a kitchen sink, every claim under the sun arbitration is this arbitration number two that the Court can find at 2488-5, 2488-5 through -8.

2488-5 through -8. So that's where those arbitration agreements are found in the Record.

So for the past eight or nine months, these disputes have been moving forward and without getting into the weeds, the details too much in the arbitrations, the parties will eventually begin to conduct discovery in the arbitrations. They'll have the opportunity to conduct the discovery, the same or similar discovery that their trying to seek here in terms of request for production of documents and the like.

THE COURT: So I do understand how the Order I issued could allow a lawyer to frame arbitration discovery better in a manner that may be adverse to your client. So — but beyond that and that may be no small thing. But other than affecting the arbitration by allowing them to better craft arbitration discovery, does my Order do anything that interferes with either of the two arbitrations?

Because I've said it's limited to confidential eyes only. So you can't take the documents and then offer

them in the arbitration, right? That would be barred by my Order. You could maybe frame a question that you know, zeroes in on, you know, give me all the emails between these two people on this date, and you know, they're going to get the email they want. So I got that, but that seems like a pretty minor intrusion.

Are there some major intrusions that I need to worry about?

MR. DUEWALL: I think in terms of -- well, in each arbitration ,the arbitrator is designated to call balls and strikes with regard to discovery disputes and objections that the parties have.

THE COURT: And do I interfere with their ability to call balls and strikes if I limited whatever I'm ordering turned over to professional eyes only use?

MR. DUEWALL: I think you are interfering with their ability to call balls and strikes if you allow questions that seep into the subject matter and disputes that are being litigated in the arbitration. Because they're going to be getting it -- they're going to be getting the opportunity to serve two sets of discovery. Because if it says broad as what you've allowed here and beyond the scope of PSA --

THE COURT: Let's assume I give them something that is useful in the arbitration, but not useable because

1 I've barred it. How have I gotten in the way of what the arbitrator is supposed to do? 2 3 MR. DUEWALL: I think if you've allowed them to 4 ask a narrowly tailored question that is outside of the 5 purview of the parties' dispute in the arbitration. For 6 example if they had a request that was limited only to the 7 PSA, the Purchase Sale Agreement, that would be one thing. But if they have now -- but what we have instead are 17 8 9 requests that allow you to --10 THE COURT: Let me assume they get something that they would really like to use in the arbitration, I'm not 11 12 permitting them to use it, that's still up the arbitrator and they can't use it having gotten it solely out of the 13 discovery that I would authorize because I said 14 15 confidential, professional eyes only. So they would have to 16 frame a new discovery request that the arbitrator would 17 approve in order to be able to use it, right? 18 MR. DUEWALL: That's right. That's right. THE COURT: How does that interfere with what the 19 20 arbitrator can do? 21 MR. DUEWALL: Well, it interferes with -- well, it interferes with the scope of the discovery that the parties 22 23 are allowed to conduct in the arbitration --24 THE COURT: How? How? 25 MR. DUEWALL: Because they get additional requests

for production --

THE COURT: For stuff they can't use.

MR. DUEWALL: Well, I think -- I respectfully disagree with the premise that once they see it, they're not going to be able to use it in someway. They're going to know how to -- they're going to know how to frame a request --

THE COURT: I said, I understand they will be able to do that, but then you can go to the arbitrator and say they shouldn't be allowed to frame that request for these reasons, right? So how have I interfered -- I understand it may actually hurt your client to do it this way and you wouldn't be here if you didn't think it was in your client's interest to have me change my mind. And that's all fine.

I'm trying to figure out though am I actually interfering with the arbitrators' authority because you would be able to got to arbitrator and say they should not be allowed to get discovery for this reason and their answer isn't going to allow to be, but see this is the document we're going to get, right?

MR. DUEWALL: I think that as long -- yes, but I do think that once the cat is out of the bag it's, you can't un-ring the bell in some respects once they see it --

THE COURT: You can't un-ring knowledge, but I can un-ring use, right?

MR. DUEWALL: Well, I think knowledge is what's important in terms of where they're headed, number one, and then number two I do think that it's important that if the parties have agreed that we're going to get X number of requests in a dispute, that to the extent that this Court is allowing them to conduct additional discovery that's related to or encompassed in those disputes, I think that, that goes against -- I think that's in -- potentially in violation of the parties' agreement. Because they have a limited scope of discovery that they're permitted to conduct. Now the parties are free to allow for more.

THE COURT: Look, their argument is we're trying to really do discovery on the PSA. If it isn't relevant to the PSA, we shouldn't get it. But if it's relevant to the PSA and also happens to be relevant to the arbitration, you can't stop us from getting it if it relates to the PSA even if it also relates to the arbitration, that's their argument.

And I need to protect that arbitrators' contractual responsibilities because you-all have contracted to have an arbitrator do that, but it doesn't seem to me that by giving them material that in the absence of an arbitration would be discoverable in the PSA side and prohibiting them from using it in the arbitration -- other than they'll have knowledge. That's important. That's why

I tried to draw the line -- that's why I tried to draw the line there and I may not have been clear enough in that line drawing by saying it's confidential professional eyes only to say you can't use this as an exhibit in a motion before the arbitrator. But I can't say, you can't remember this when you're framing stuff.

MR. DUEWALL: Right. I can appreciate the Court wanting to try to navigate that difficult issue, but I think the Court also -- I think there's a threshold issue, too, as to whether or not the request on its face is related to the PSA, because it's --

THE COURT: SO if it isn't related and is not likely to result in discoverable information. In other words, it's not discoverable in PSA disputes, then yeah, I shouldn't allow it. And so have I done something that -- if there's something that I've allowed that isn't related to the PSA, I don't know why they're entitled to it.

MR. DUEWALL: That's right, Your Honor. And that's where I was headed next, which is Exhibit D to our motion, this is found at 2488-10 of the Court's Record and typically I would have done something like this maybe as a PowerPoint, but I didn't want to publish it in open court.

But what we have done is we've taken each of their discovery requests and we've mirrored them up and tied them up with not only the allegations that they're making in

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their arbitration, this isn't the BP arbitration, which is
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    number one, this is the number two arbitration.
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              THE COURT: I'm worried about the PSA I think.
 4
    Right?
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              MR. DUEWALL: Exactly.
              THE COURT: So if they're not related to the PSA,
 6
 7
    I want them to tell me why I should give it to them.
 8
              MR. DUEWALL: Exactly.
 9
              THE COURT: But if they are related to the PSA I
10
    want you to tell me why they shouldn't get it just because
11
    the arbitrations.
12
              MR. DUEWALL: I understand. Well, I don't think
    -- the only one that relates to the PSA is number three.
13
              THE COURT: So you think one does not relate to
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15
    the PSA at all?
              MR. DUEWALL: Correct.
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17
              THE COURT: So I think the burden is on them to
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    demonstrate that it is either obviously relevant or might
    lead to the discovery of a relevant information related to
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20
    the PSA, especially given their objection they filed
21
    yesterday.
22
              MR. DUEWALL: I think that's exactly right, Your
23
   Honor. And in their response to our motion seeking
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   reconsideration (indiscernible), they did not respond to the
25
   points that we raised here. So they haven't gone -- and
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respectfully they have not gone and done the "See Spot run"
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 2
    analysis of number one is a PSA --
 3
              THE COURT: Let me ask Mr. Genender if he agrees
 4
    that they would have to, under the response he filed
 5
    yesterday, demonstrate discoverable or might lead to
 6
   discoverable information as to each request related to the
7
    PSA?
8
              Do you think that's something I should hold you to
    do?
 9
10
              MR. GENENDER: I think we've already done it.
              THE COURT: Whether you've done it or not --
11
12
                            Okay. Okay.
              MR. GENENDER:
13
              THE COURT: -- can I hold you to do that?
              MR. GENENDER: That's kind of like asking me to
14
15
    switch chairs with you a little bit, but --
16
              THE COURT: Seems pretty fair, doesn't it?
17
              MR. GENENDER: To ask me to do it?
18
              THE COURT: Yeah.
19
              MR. GENENDER: Well, that's -- I'm happy to do it.
20
              THE COURT:
                         Okay.
21
              MR. GENENDER: I mean, I --
22
              THE COURT: If it's not related to the PSA dispute
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   or likely to lead to discoverable information in the PSA
24
    dispute, do you agree that it's something I should not
25
   allow?
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MR. GENENDER: Unless it's related solely to Shell, because that's a different issue. Because Shell's not a party to those other cases. THE COURT: So what? MR. GENENDER: Well, but we have the right to -well, we have the right to investigate claims against BP for fraudulent inducement to enter the PSA and against Shell to investigate claims for conspiring with BP to fraudulently induce us, or interfering with that agreement thereafter --THE COURT: But all of that is part of the PSA dispute. MR. GENENDER: Understood. So I think the answer -- I'm going to say generally speaking, but it might be absolutely, but at least generally speaking the answer to your question is "yes." THE COURT: Then why don't I have you do that? Why don't I have you take his chart and explain to me in your own contra-chart that I'll give you whatever you want, you know, a week or so to submit relevance? MR. GENENDER: That's I'm happy -- I'm certainly willing to do that. I hate to say I'm happy to do it, but I'm certainly willing to do it, because I'm not -- because I'm -- you know, I'm going to be candid with you I don't think it's an unfair request, I'm not saying it's an unfair

request, if I thought it was an unfair request --

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THE COURT: And you're not going to do the work
 1
    anyway, right? Ms. Choi's going to do the work.
 2
 3
         (Laughter.)
 4
              MR. GENENDER: Well, Judge, first of all, if I'm
 5
    smart, I'm going to have Ms. Choi and Mr. Simmons do a lot
    of the work, because then you'd expect nothing less.
 6
 7
              But Judge, I do want to make -- in all seriousness
 8
    all of that was tinged with quite a bit of seriousness. I
 9
    want to speak to something Mr. Duewall said about this
10
   moving target.
11
              THE COURT: Okay.
              MR. GENENDER: I'm not responding --
12
              THE COURT: Because I interrupted him to find out
13
    about this question.
14
15
              MR. GENENDER: Okay.
              THE COURT: I'm not going to -- I actually don't
16
17
    want to go back and forth on this.
18
              MR. GENENDER:
                             Okay.
              THE COURT: I did make a decision. If -- and it's
19
20
   pretty much along the lines I said, which is you're entitled
21
    -- I meant to say you are entitled to information without
22
    interfering with that arbitrators' decision, that's why I
23
    put down the professional eyes only language.
24
              When I looked back for today, I wasn't sure how
25
    obvious that was to every body that, that's what I was
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doing. That is what I intended to do is I need to protect the arbitrators' ability to allow or not allow discovery in the arbitration.

I can't protect against knowledge. If you get information that is relevant to the PSA and you can use that knowledge to better frame something before the arbitrator, those are just the breaks of the way litigation is going to come down. But I shouldn't be giving you a document unrelated to the PSA that you can use solely to frame things and to go and do something before the arbitrator.

I think I need to rewrite my Order at a minimum to make clear to the arbitrators -- and I do -- I've been referring to that singularly -- that I'm not interfering with their decision making as to what can be used over there, nor am I authorizing anyone to use a document over there unless the arbitrator approves of it.

So you can't attach something I give you to something to him -- ever.

MR. GENENDER: Certainly. And I assume you're referring to the last line, "All discovery responses will be held in confidence on a professional eyes only, quote, basis?"

THE COURT: Yeah.

MR. GENENDER: And Your Honor, I want to make sure the converse isn't true, in that I want to make sure that

- because what we're dealing with, Your Honor, are facts whether between the two arbitrations or as it relates to the PSA, facts that are relevant to multiple agreements and multiple claims, which is common.
  - THE COURT: Correct, I'm not -- I'm not precluding you from using anything in the arbitration that the arbitrator permits.
    - MR. GENENDER: Understood.

- THE COURT: But I'm not authorizing you to use something in the arbitration because I gave you discovery on it. That is up to the arbitrator.
- MR. GENENDER: Yes. And if the Court's inclination is to ask -- is to direct us to respond to the chart, their Exhibit D chart I think it was, and then I would of course like to have the opportunity to come back and visit with the Court about it, if that were helpful to the Court.
- THE COURT: I don't know if I'll need that or not, it depends on how good of a job you do.
- MR. GENENDER: Okay. Yeah. Understood. Fair enough.
- I do want to point the Court to document 2019, which was our motion to reconsider, and page 5 of that -- and this was on August 30th, 2021, because I do think that that speaks to what Mr. Duewall was talking about as it

relates to the requests themselves.

He is mistaken when he says only number three relates to the PSA. I think he overlooked certainly number 13 refers specifically to the PSA but, but a request seeking information about the PSA, Your Honor, as the Court well, knows doesn't have to mention the PSA to be aimed at seeking information about the PSA. And we can do that work and show that to you.

THE COURT: It's the language in the rule, right?

MR. GENENDER: Yeah.

THE COURT: It's discoverable or it's likely to lead to --

MR. GENENDER: Yes.

THE COURT: -- discoverable information, but I need you to identify that on a request-by-request basis.

MR. GENENDER: Okay.

THE COURT: And in as much detail as you want.

MR. GENENDER: Understood, and the reason I wanted to direct the Court -- and I won't go through it now unless you wanted me to -- is we cited the Texas Supreme Court Case Buljarik for the proposition for the, quote, "That while a party's intent is determined at the time the party made the representation, it can be inferred by things that happen afterwards."

And I think that we'll do that work and lay it

forth as to why common facts can speak to different claims under different agreements.

THE COURT: And I think that's consistent with the way that I ruled. But I respect Mr. Duewall has prepared this chart that tells me I may have erred on the side of allowing too much discovery and I want you to respond to that in writing so that I can correct an error, if I've made one, and I intend to correct the last sentence to make it more expansive so that the arbitrators' range of motion is fully protected -- ranges of motion are fully protected.

MR. GENENDER: Understood, Your Honor. And I, by way of preview, when we do the work that you're directing us to do, I think you're going to find that if not 100 percent, then very, very substantial percentage is PSA only and then overlap as to some.

THE COURT: That's fine.

MR. GENENDER: And we'll do the work.

THE COURT: How long do you need?

MR. GENENDER: What is today?

THE COURT: Today is the 7th.

MR. GENENDER: Could we have a week Friday?

THE COURT: You want until the 24th?

MR. DUEWALL: We don't object to more time if you-

24 | all want --

MR. GENENDER: No, no, could we have a week from

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1
    this Friday so 10 days, is that okay?
              THE COURT: You want until the 17th?
 2
 3
              MR. GENENDER: Yeah. Is that okay?
 4
              THE COURT: How long do you want to file a reply,
 5
   Mr. Duewall?
              MR. DUEWALL: Two weeks.
 6
 7
              THE COURT: All right. 17th and the 1st, is that
 8
   what you-all want?
 9
              MR. GENENDER: I feel like I just got whipsawed,
10
   but that's okay. Two weeks feels like a long time to
    respond to something we're going to do when they already did
11
12
    the work, but it's okay. That's fine.
13
              THE COURT: Would you like until the 21st and I'll
    leave him on the 1st? I don't care.
14
15
              MR. GENENDER: You know, probably I know the 20th
16
    is a holiday and yeah. Yeah. Probably, yeah.
17
              THE COURT: Okay. You file your chart by the
18
    21st, do you want until the 5th or do you want until the
19
    1st, Mr. Duewall, I don't really care.
20
              MR. DUEWALL: 5th is fine, Your Honor.
21
              THE COURT: You've got until July 5th, we'll take
22
    it under advisement on July 6th. I may need a further
23
   hearing, I'm hoping I can resolve it on there.
24
              I will grant the motion for reconsideration to the
25
    extent of clarifying the consequences of professional eyes
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only and the absence of attempting to interfere with the
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 2
    arbitrator in any way, but I'll also clarify that I'm not
 3
   restricting you from using information you gain because
 4
    information is valuable and you can use it, you just can't
 5
   publish the documents in any way.
              MR. GENENDER: And that's the limit to which
 6
7
   you're granting consideration is to clarify that last
8
    sentence?
9
              THE COURT: Well, I'm granting that now, --
10
              MR. GENENDER:
                            Yes.
11
              THE COURT: -- but I may in addition say that you
12
    don't -- they don't have to turn anything over because
    certain of the requests, as Mr. Duewall points out, may
13
14
    exceed any relevance towards the PSA.
15
              MR. GENENDER: And Your Honor, I hope this doesn't
    surprise you that I'm going to say this, we don't intend to
16
17
    take any action in terms of serving the request in response
18
    to your Order until we --
19
              THE COURT: I know you won't do that.
20
              MR. GENENDER: -- until this is resolved.
21
              THE COURT: I know you won't.
22
              MR. GENENDER: I know you know that, but I wanted
23
    to say it.
24
              THE COURT:
                         Okay.
                                 Thank you.
25
              MR. GENENDER: Okay.
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THE COURT: Mr. Duewall, I cut you off a little bit, but I think if you want to say more, go ahead, but that chart's going to matter a lot to me.

MR. DUEWALL: Thank you, Your Honor.

No. I'm good enough to know that I should probably stop while I'm ahead and I respect the Court's decision. I appreciate that, because I think the chart is important, we'll take a look at what we get back from Mr. Genender.

We did have one question -- another question with regard to the Court's Order and as it related to professional eyes only. That's limited to the lawyers, correct? Is it the Court's intent that that be lawyers eyes only or does that extend to experts or I just didn't understand.

THE COURT: I meant lawyers and experts, not the clients. I really don't want this stuff going to the clients on the grounds that they have ongoing business relationships and they need to be able to maintain those without worrying that, for example, if you and Shell have some confidential document that QuarterNorth will suddenly get it and you know, be able to use it in its business operations.

So it's professional eyes only, but that includes more than just lawyers.

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1
             MR. DUEWALL: Okay.
             THE COURT: And if you-all want to work on that
 2
 3
    language and submit that jointly, for what -- to define all
 4
    that, how to protect the arbitrators' range of motion. If
 5
    you-all have language you want to agree to that, instead of
   me drafting it, I'm perfectly okay with that, if you-all get
 6
7
    the point?
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             MR. GENENDER: I think my preference would be that
 9
    if we can agree on it, we submit it. If we can't agree on
10
    it, we do nothing and let you decide.
11
              THE COURT: That sounds great to me.
12
             MR. GENENDER: If that's okay with you.
13
             THE COURT: That sounds great to me.
             Mr. Manns, are you okay with where we're going on
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15
    this?
             MR. DUEWALL: And I have one other statement to
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17
   make, I think Mr. Manns, might be muted, I couldn't hear
18
   him, but --
19
              THE COURT: Okay. Let me try that again.
20
             MR. DUEWALL: In our response --
21
             THE COURT: Hold on, hold on. Let me let
22
   Mr. Manns, go ahead, please.
23
             MR. DUEWALL: Oh, sorry.
24
             MR. MANNS: Thank you, Your Honor.
25
             And I don't object on issues. We're in a strange
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(Indiscernible) arbitration, (indiscernible) are not
1
   spot.
 2
   a party to -- Your Honor, (indiscernible) everyone to --
 3
              THE COURT: Mr. Manns, I'm losing about every
 4
    third word, maybe pick that up.
 5
              MR. MANNS: Sorry. Can you hear me better, Your
 6
   Honor?
7
              THE COURT: That does seem better, thank you.
8
              MR. MANNS: Thank you.
 9
              Your Honor, we're obviously in some strange spot.
10
   You know, we're not involved in the bidding arbitration.
11
   With that said, the request for production that are being
   propounded are in large part identical.
12
13
              If Your Honor in any way limits (indiscernible)
   and property rights in connection with (indiscernible) BP,
14
15
    it can then circumvent the Court's (indiscernible) similar
   discoverable information from Shell.
16
17
              And so (indiscernible), I think what the Court has
18
    described here today will help to at least frame up the
   discussion.
19
20
              THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Manns. If you want to
21
    join in the reply that Mr. Duewall is going to file, I would
22
    ask that you coordinate that with him and file it jointly,
23
   would that work?
24
              MR. MANNS: It would. Thank you, Your Honor.
25
              THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Manns.
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Mr. Duewall.

MR. DUEWALL: Your Honor, there was one last issue and this is more housekeeping than anything else and it really relates to whether or not the Court's Order is an interlocutory discovery issue that's subject to Rule 59(e) or 59(b) as it relates to when we have to potentially file an appeal from the Order that you granted for their motion to reconsider.

And so what I would respectfully request that the Court do today to kind of take us out of that uncertainty from our perspective and I don't want to leave here and --

THE COURT: Right. How do I do --

MR. DUEWALL: -- us have to file an appeal --

THE COURT: How do I do that?

MR. DUEWALL: -- and then you question the fire drill that we create. What I would instead respectfully request is that the Court fully vacate the Order to reconsider without prejudice to the Court's right to continue to address these issues that you recited on the Record a moment ago.

And I say that just to -- so when we leave here today that our -- I don't want to -- the Court to see an appeal filed and say well, what is -- why do Duewall and his group feel like they needed to do that? But we would respectfully want to make sure that we don't miss any

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1
   important deadlines because of the uncertainty --
2
              THE COURT: If I do a 59(d) Order, does that take
 3
    it out?
 4
             MR. DUEWALL: Yeah.
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             MR. GENENDER: Well, I think the question is
 6
   whether we're in the 59 world at all. I think there's an
 7
   argument that we're actually under 54 and I honestly, with
   all due respect, if you were to say it was 59(e) and we did
8
 9
    eventually appeal you, I do not think the District Court
10
    would be bound by your characterization of that.
11
              THE COURT: Yeah. Well, I think it's 59(d) as in
    David, which allows me to say I'm setting my own motion for
12
13
    a new trial.
14
             MR. GENENDER: Okay. I hadn't thought about that.
             MR. DUEWALL: Are you all right?
15
16
             MR. GENENDER: No. I'm just thinking.
17
              THE COURT: Why don't we do this?
                                                It is my
18
    intention to not to have appellate deadlines running against
19
    anyone and I would ask the parties to jointly figure out how
20
    to do that.
                 I don't want to vacate my Order at this point.
21
   But if there isn't any other way to do it, I may vacate it
22
    and then reenter it with just that one paragraph change
23
   knowing that I may have to change it again, once I get all
24
    the briefing done. Hopefully you-all can find a way to do
2.5
    this.
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MR. DUEWALL: Could you do that now? Because I
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2
    think we're going to --
 3
             THE COURT: Could I do what now?
 4
             MR. DUEWALL: Go ahead and do that, vacate it now
 5
    and restart that clock so we can --
 6
              THE COURT: By issuing a new order?
7
             MR. DUEWALL: -- because today's our 14th day
8
   under the -- if it was a 59 -- if we're under the 59 --
9
              THE COURT: Does that cause any injury to you?
10
             MR. GENENDER: Well, excuse me. We told
   Mr. Duewall that once he files a motion to reconsider, it's
11
12
   our view that the appellate deadlines are stayed until it's
   ruled upon. I don't have 59(d) in front of me, Your Honor,
13
   but it seemed like it made sense, but we certainly do not
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15
    want the orders vacated, there's no grounds for vacating it
16
   frankly --
17
             THE COURT: I'm going to amend it.
18
             MR. GENENDER: Understood. Understood. And as to
   the last line I understand the --
19
20
             THE COURT: Right. But if I amend it today, will
21
    that then extend their deadline another 28 days?
22
             MR. GENENDER: I think you're entering a new Order
23
   at that point.
             THE COURT: So it would.
24
25
             MR. GENENDER: I think the answer -- I think the
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answer to that is "yes."
 1
              THE COURT: Okay.
 2
 3
              MR. GENENDER: Now but -- go ahead.
 4
              THE COURT: Can you-all do that right this
 5
    afternoon, submit a new Order that changes only that last
 6
    sentence to encompass the things that we've talked about --
 7
              MR. DUEWALL: And it just fully replaces the main
    24th order?
 8
 9
              THE COURT: -- and it will amend and restate the
    original Order, fully replacing it.
10
11
              MR. GENENDER: Yeah. We can do that, easy.
12
              THE COURT: Okay. And then get that filed on an
13
    emergency basis and contact Mr. Laws.
              MR. GENENDER: Your Honor, with the Court's
14
15
    permission, I would like to revisit some of the scheduling
    we did, because I've given it some thought.
16
17
              THE COURT: Yeah.
18
              MR. GENENDER: And I hope I can do that by --
              THE COURT: Look, I don't want to leave this.
19
20
              MR. GENENDER:
                            Okay.
21
              THE COURT: I want you to send an email to Tyler
22
    Laws, who is my courtroom deputy so he can put in my
23
    emergency box so I can get it done before I go home tonight.
24
    And you-all need to agree on what that new sentence ought to
25
    be, and if you can't file a statement that you can't agree
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on it and that I need to do my own language. But I will do
 1
 2
    something before I go home.
 3
              MR. DUEWALL: Thank you, Your Honor.
 4
              Thank you, Mr. Laws.
 5
              MR. GENENDER: Your Honor, we can get the -- we
 6
    can get the response to the requests by this Friday and
 7
    would hope that they could respond to it shortly thereafter.
    I just did a little bit more conferring on my end and I
 8
 9
    don't think it will take that long.
10
              And I guess the other piece -- the other question
11
    I had as to where we needed up after our colloquy here is
    Shell's -- I mean, Shell is differently situated than BP.
12
    There's no arbitration agreements, there's -- all the
13
    arguments BP is making -- this whole chart is premised on
14
15
    the notion that BP has created this -- this narrative --
16
              THE COURT: Yeah.
                                 I got it. No, but --
17
              MR. GENENDER: But Shell's not a part of that
18
   narrative. They don't have an arbitration agreement.
              THE COURT: If it relates -- if it doesn't relate
19
20
    in anyway to the PSA, why would you want discovery from
21
    Shell?
22
              MR. GENENDER: Well, but Your Honor, I think the
23
   way to look at this is we have two agreements that have
24
    arbitration clauses, the PHA and the Loop Agreement.
25
    doesn't relate to them, then we should be allowed to get
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2004 discovery -- not that it has to relate to the PSA. It may not be a -- there may not be a massive difference in what I'm saying, but the bar if they're trying to make a bar because it's within an arbitration should be limited to those two agreements --

THE COURT: We're post-confirmation.

MR. GENENDER: Well, understood, Your Honor, and they didn't talk about jurisdiction here and I think maybe they read the *Enron* case because all of the complained of under *Enron* -- all of the complained of actions were prepetition -- or preconfirmation I should say, and oftentimes -- many instances prepetition and the parties had a dispute at the time that the confirmation happened and so under *Enron*, the Court has jurisdiction and we knew full well, you weren't entering an Order on May 24th of '22 if you didn't think you had jurisdiction.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. GENENDER: And so, but I do think as to Shell, Shell's only objection they joined last night, their only objection was on jurisdiction.

THE COURT: Their objection and the BP objection still go hand-in-hand. Right? Discovery from Shell that would interfere with the BP adversary proceedings has the same problem if it isn't related to the PSA.

MR. GENENDER: But Judge, I'm going to push back

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on that only because -- and I know we might be using it as a placeholder. It's not that it has to relate to the PSA, it's that BP's real position has to be -- the only logical position could be that it doesn't relate to the two agreements that have arbitration clauses.
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THE COURT: You know and I know that their case law -- there is case law out there that I have followed that says that Rule 2004 can be a fishing expedition.

MR. GENENDER: Understood.

THE COURT: We're pretty late in the case for doing fishing expeditions.

MR. GENENDER: Understood.

THE COURT: And you also know I can regulate what 2004 scope is and I'm not hearing a good argument why you should do 2004 against Shell that would expand beyond PSA disputes.

MR. GENENDER: We're not looking to do 2004 discovery beyond the -- certainly at this point beyond the request that we've had in place and have stayed static since May 14th of 2021. And I think that -- and they speak for themselves and we're happy to defend them.

So we're not going on a -- we're not fishing outside of any pool that we created a year and-a-half -- over a year ago and our briefing has been consistent on that.

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I just want to make sure that the purpose of 2004 is not thwarted by BP saying, oh, my gosh, they can't find this out, because we're in an arbitration that they wanted. THE COURT: I thought you already won that argument. Now you need to demonstrate to me that have an independent basis which so far the only thing you've linked an independent basis to is your PSA disputes. MR. GENENDER: Understood. THE COURT: It doesn't matter who the witness or the deponent is, their arbitration concerns are the same if you were to go to Shell to get information to use in the arbitration that's unrelated to the PSA, you shouldn't be allowed to get it, unless you can give me some justification besides the PSA, then that's the measure and I'm not injuring anyone by not allowing a free fishing expedition under these circumstances. MR. GENENDER: Understood. Understood. I had raised a notion --THE COURT: Let's talk about the schedule. MR. GENENDER: Thank you. Yeah. THE COURT: Do you care between the 10th and the 17th, Mr. Duewall, versus the 21st and the 5th, I don't care. MR. DUEWALL: When are you giving yours? THE COURT: He wants to do his this Friday.

1 (The parties confer.) 2 MR. GENENDER: But they want a new 14 days, they 3 should be able to -- they shouldn't need 14 days to respond 4 to it, I mean. 5 MR. DUEWALL: Oh. I see what you're saying. 6 MR. GENENDER: In other words we're trying --7 we're trying to work within a new 14 days and we're willing to do the work to get it done by Friday. I can't imagine 8 9 they need more than a few days to respond to it. 10 THE COURT: I don't know. MR. GENENDER: I mean, they've already done one 11 12 chart. 13 THE COURT: I'm going to give both parties -- each party what they say they need. So he says he wants two 14 15 weeks, he can take this back and you can have until the 21st. But I'm not going to short people on time. 16 17 MR. DUEWALL: Well, we'll stick with our two weeks 18 then and if we can do it quicker, we'll do it. 19 THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to leave the schedule 20 alone, then the 21st and the 5th. 21 MR. GENENDER: So their response is due two weeks 22 from when they get ours, whenever that is? THE COURT: No. It's due on the 5th, yours is due 23 on the 21st, I've got holidays in there, too. 24

MR. GENENDER: Okay. And then Judge, those are

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obviously file dander seal, right?
1
             THE COURT: Yes.
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 3
             MR. GENENDER: Thank you.
 4
             MR. DUEWALL: Thank you very much, Judge.
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              THE COURT: Hold on. We have another date coming
 6
   up?
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             MR. DUEWALL: All right. So they're going to do
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   it by Friday, we will submit ours by the 15th. I didn't
 9
   understand the 14 days until I saw the calendar. I'm a
   visual learner.
10
11
             MS. CHOI: So am I.
             MR. GENENDER: So if I understand --
12
13
              THE COURT: Okay. So your chart is due on the
    10th of June, and their response is due on the 15th of June.
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15
             MR. GENENDER: Fantastic.
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             MR. DUEWALL: Yes.
17
             THE COURT: And the parties have agreed to that?
18
             MR. DUEWALL: Yes.
19
             MR. GENENDER: Yes.
20
             THE COURT: Because neither of you two are doing
21
    any of the work.
22
             MR. GENENDER: Correct, Your Honor.
23
         (Laughter.)
24
             MR. DUEWALL: I'll stipulate to that.
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             MR. GENENDER: I think "any" is a strong
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statement, Judge. And that applies to Shell, toO, I assume
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    in their joinder?
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              THE COURT: Mr. Manns agreed that he would join in
 4
   in some manner, Mr. Duewall if he needs to do more than what
 5
    they're going to do. He's not required to, but he may.
              But Mr. Manns, I'm not misinterpreting what you
 6
7
   said, right?
8
              MR. MANNS: Sounds good.
 9
              THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
10
              MR. DUEWALL: And just so the Court's clear,
11
   Mr. Genender suggested that we were walking away or gave me
12
    the impression we are walking away from our jurisdictional
   arguments and our waiver arguments, but we're clearly not.
13
   But I understand the direction the Court's going to go, so
14
15
   we will leave those with Your Honor.
              THE COURT: Nobody's waiving anything by complying
16
17
   with rulings, which is what you guys are all -- that's all
18
    you-all are doing.
19
              MR. DUEWALL: Thank you, Judge.
20
              THE COURT: Thank you. All right. Thank you.
21
         (Proceeding adjourned at 2:38 p.m.)
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               I certify that the foregoing is a correct
 2
    transcript to the best of my ability produced from the
 3
    electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the above-
 4
    entitled matter.
 5
    /S/ MARY D. HENRY
 6
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